State Of Security

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Microsoft security group makes 'worst jobs' list

The Microsoft Security Response Center made Popular Science's list of the worst jobs in science because the daunting work is 'hard and thankless'

By Robert McMillan, IDG News Service June 26, 2007







United Talkback E-mail Printer Friendly Reprints Text Size A A

What do whale-feces researchers, hazmat divers, and employees of Microsoft's Security Response Center have in common? They all made Popular Science magazine's 2007 list of the absolute worst jobs in science.

Related Stories

Judge favors Microsoft

Popular Science has been compiling the list since 2003, as "a way to celebrate the crazy variety of jobs that there are in science," said Michael Moyer, the magazine's executive editor. Past entrants have included barnyard masturbator, Kansas biology teacher, and U.S. Metric system advocate.

10 WORST JOBS

In order, monimor-as-pagito governight terrible, the worst jobs in science as ranked by Popular Science magazine:

- Whale-feces researcher: The feces part iust smells bad.
- Forensic entomologist: Studying bugs on corpses combines two unpleasant things.
- Olympic drug tester: Watching athletes urinate into cups and testing samples thousands of times during the Games can't be fun.
- · Gravity research subject: Stays in bed for three weeks and lets muscles atrophy.
- · Microsoft security worker: Deals with every Microsoft user's problems.
- Preserved-animal preparer: Bottles frogs, cats and pigs for biology students.
- Garbologist: Sifts through garbage, literally. to analyze consumption patterns and how quickly waste breaks down.
- Elephant vasectomist: Elephants are big. and so are their testicles.
- Oceanographer: Pollution, overfishing and coral reef destruction mean the oceans keep getting worse.
- · Hazardous-materials diver: Swimming in sewage is a dirty task.

Intro

- Joined Microsoft in 1990 MSMoney, IIS
- Joined Security Team in 2003
- Attended HITB 2005 ©
- 2007 Director MSRC & Community



Intro

- Security Ecosystem
 - Recent Trends
 - Actors, Economics, Technical
- Evolution of the MSRC
 - MSRC view of the Ecosystem
 - Ecosystem influence on Microsoft & the MSRC
 - Case Studies
- Future Thoughts
 - Continued rapid change
 - New ideas and collaboration needed to help us protect the world

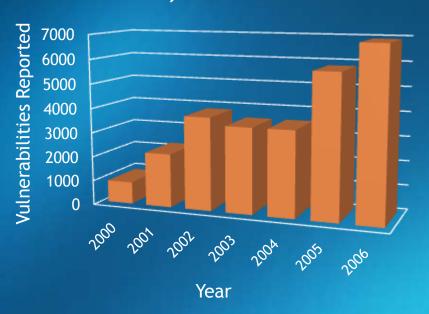
Security Ecosystem Trends

Security Ecosystem Trends

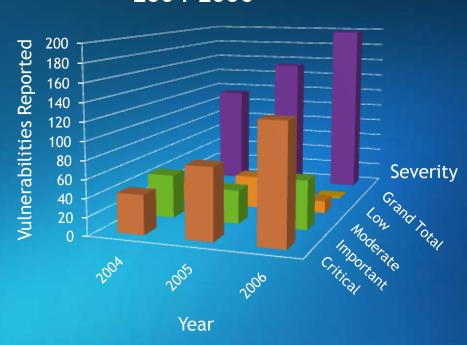
- Increased Volume of Issues
- Increased Scope of Issues
- Increasing Velocity: update to exploit time shrinking
- Each step from update to exploit is being optimized
- Malicious Attacks
- Money Economy
- Weaponization

Vulnerability Reports Year-over-year increase

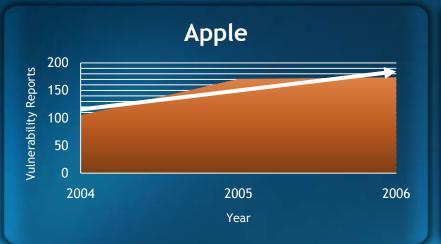
Vulnerabilities reported by CERT, 2000-2006

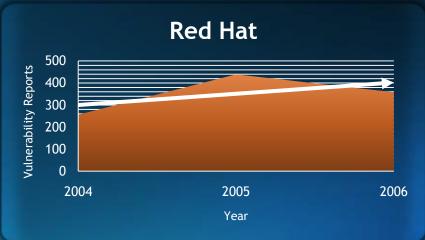


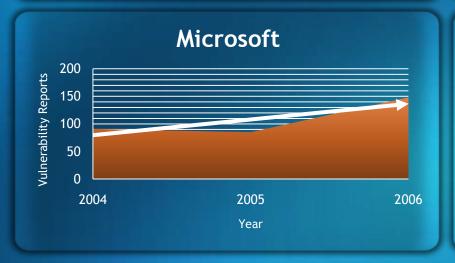
Microsoft - Security Bulletins 2004-2006

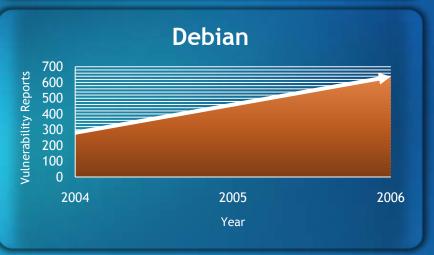


Vulnerability Reports Comparative trends









Security Ecosystem Trends

- Increased Velocity: update to exploit time shrinking
 - Slammer (year)
 - Blaster (month)
 - Zotob (days)
 - August 9th update released
 - August 13th new worm
- Each step from update to exploit is being optimized
 - Update release people waiting
 - Reverse engineering tools, sharing
 - Proof of Concept (PoC) collaboration, toolkits
 - Exploit use (weaponization) open source

Reduced Barrier to Entry

Easy

Disassemble the update

Easier

Wait for PoC on newsgroups

Easiest

Use a free tool or buy one

Trivial

Buy a fully supported device

Threat landscape evolution

From Defacements to Malicious Attacks

Characteristic	Example
Website defacements	2001 Hacking War
Era of the big worms	Blaster, Slammer
Rise of the BotNets	Zotob
Targeted Attacks	Application-level vulnerabilities

MSRC 1997 - 2007

MSRC Today

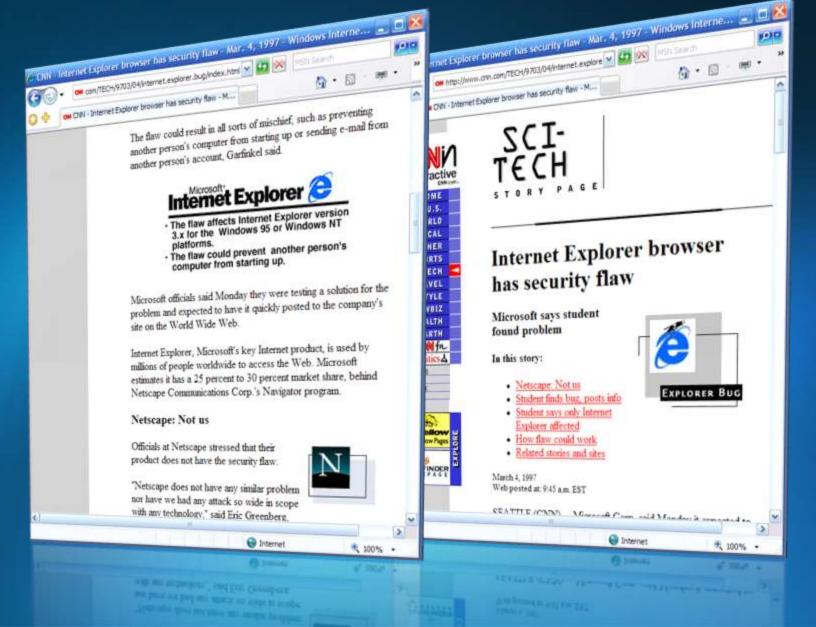
Industry Leading Vulnerability Response Team

- MSRC Case Managers
- Release Management Team
- Security Engineers (SWIReact & SWIDefence)
- Communications Team
- MSRC Security Community Outreach
- MSRC Partner Outreach (CERTs, ISVs)
- Root Cause Analysis

Security Development Lifecycle Industry Leading Security Engineering

Requirements Design Implementation Verification Response Release **Final Security Security Push** Produ Design Standards, Security Review Inception Define best practices Security code Response Independent Plan and Assign security & tools reviews review architecture Apply coding Focused security process in conducted by advisor and design and testing security place the security Identify guidelines standards testing Feedback team Apply Review security Document loop back Penetration milestones elements of security tools against new into the testing Plan software (fuzzing threats development Archiving of tools, static-Meet signoff security attack process compliance integration Postmortems surface analysis criteria info into product Threat tools, etc) Modeling RTM and Deployment Signoff

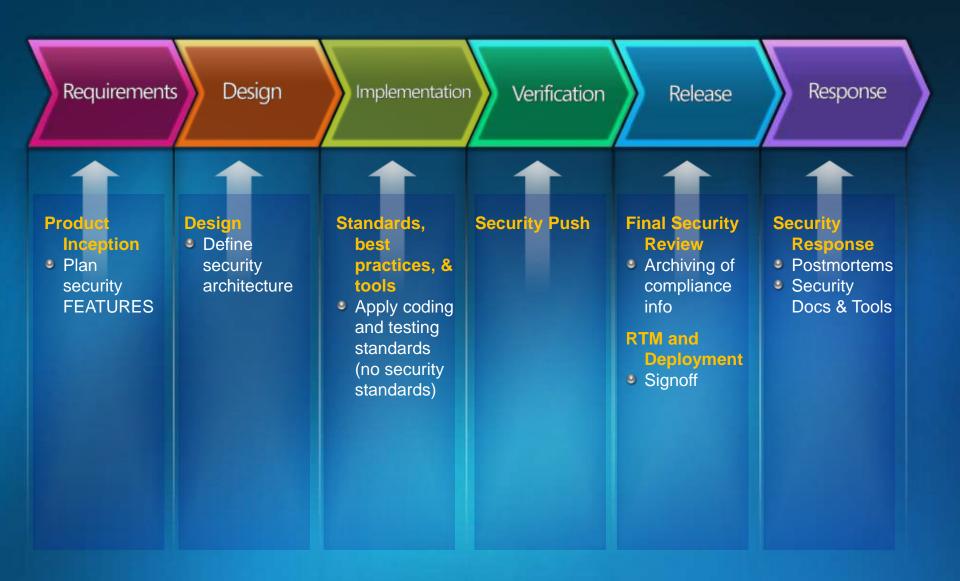
March '97



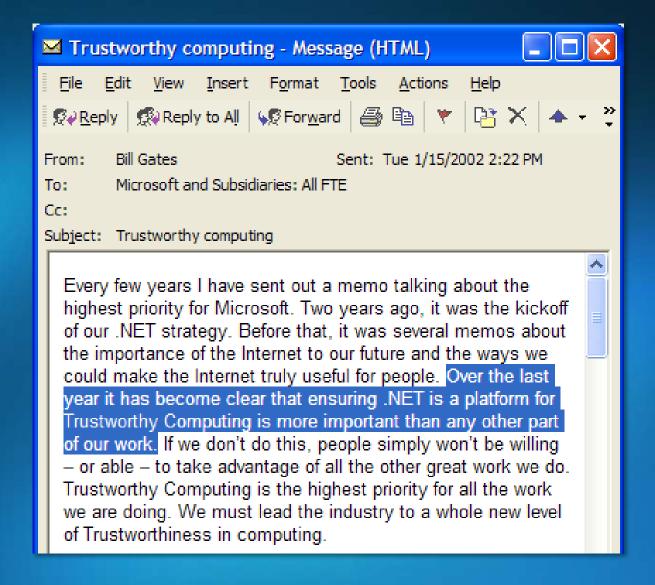
...After The Dust Settled

- Created <u>secure@microsoft.com</u>
- Internet Explorer Security Team
- Security Windows Initiative
- Microsoft Security Response Center
- Understood the influence of Security Research Community

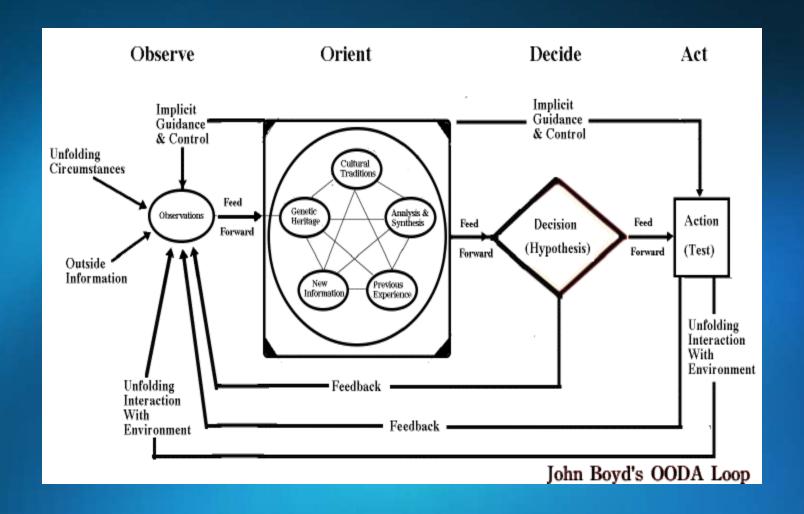
Security Development Lifecycle -1997



The TWC Memo



OODA Loop



Security Response Process

Security Bulletin Release Process

> Repeatable, Consistent, Process

High Quality Product Updates

Authoritative Accurate Guidance

Security Incident Response Process

Timely and Relevant Information

Mitigations and Protection

Solution and Guidance

The Response Lifecycle

Vulnerability Reports

- Secure@Microsoft.c om
- Newsgroups, web sites, partners, other s
- Microsoft TechNet Security Site – FAQs for reporting

Triage

Assess potential impact and severity

Security Researchers

Establish communications channel

Content Creation

- Security bulletin
- Field communications
- Web casts
- Emails and RSS feeds

Release

- Security bulletinssecond Tuesdayof every month
- Monitor customer issues

Create the Fix

- SWI and Product Team
- Look for variations

Test

- Several levels of testing:
 - Setup and Build Verification
 - Depth
 - Integration and Breadth
 - Microsoft network
 - Controlled beta

Update Dev Tools and Practices

- Update best practices
- Update testing tools
- Update development and design process

The SSIRP Lifecycle

Initial Warning

- Goal: react quickly
- Initial BugTraq report
- Simultaneous Partner report
- Immediate escalation to SSIRP

Technical

- Goal: KNOW don't guess
- Root Cause analysis
- Impacted components
- Workaround
- Potential attack vectors
- Final Fix

Verification

- Goal: Quality
- Design review
- Test and validate

MS Field Guidance

- Goal: Help our field help customers
- Field calls to Microsoft field
- Field bulletins
- Field training

Release

- Goal: Broad awareness
- Security bulletins
- Special web cast

Intervention

Goal: Know what's happening

Monitoring

- Spread and Impact
- Variants and exploits
- AV and Sec. Vendors
- CERTs
- Customer Support
- Noise and FUD

- Goal: protection
- Takedown requests
- AV Vendors
- IDs, IPs, HIDs, Firewall
- MSRA
- CERTs
- Law enforcement

Authoritative Data and Guidance

- Goal: Authoritative and actionable data and advice
- Blog and Advisories updated regularly
- Press and Analyst outreach
- Helping others be authoritative

Responding to a security incident

Observe

- Observe environment to detect any potential issues
- Leverage existing relationships with
 - Partners
 - Security researchers and finders
- Monitor customer requests and press inquiries
- Notify partners: GIAIS and VIA

Orient

- Convene and evaluate severity
- Mobilize security response teams and support groups into two main groups
 - Emergency Engineering Team
 - Emergency Communications Team
- Start monitoring worldwide press interest and customer support lines for this issue

Decide & Act

- Assess the situation and the technical information available
- Start working on solution
- Communicate initial guidance and workarounds to customers, partner s and press
- Notify and inform Microsoft sales and support field
- Deliver appropriate Solution (update, tool, fix, o r blog)

Feedback Loop

- Provide information and tools to restore normal operations
- Conduct internal process reviews and gather lessons learned

MSRC Role & View of the Ecosystem

MSRC Role

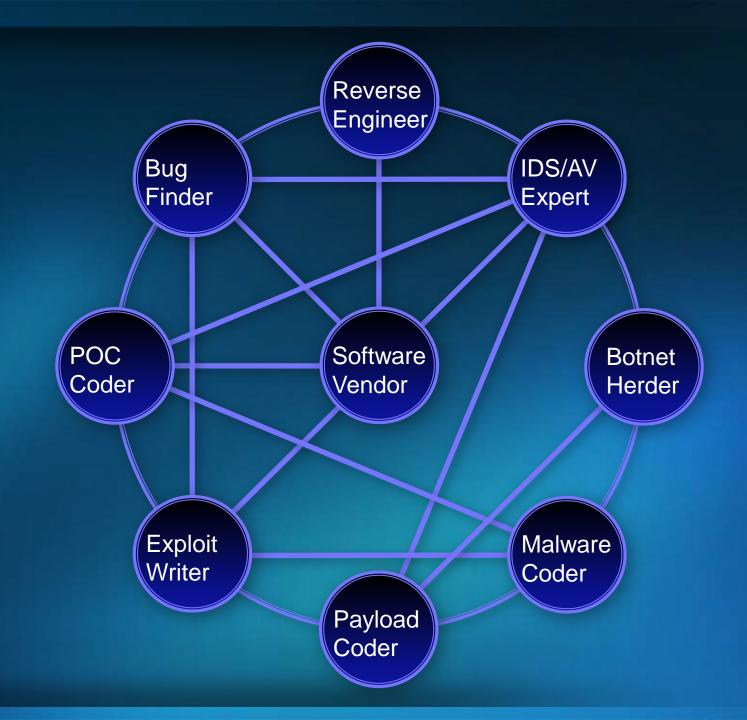
- Microsoft Security Response Center MSRC
 - Protect our customers
 - Understand the security ecosystem
 - Analyzing threats and respond to them
 - Work with partners as part of distributed defense network
 - Root cause analysis and provide feedback and guidance to product groups
 - When possible attempt to
 - Influence negative trends
 - Balance the asymmetry

Ecosystem Elements

- Actors
 - Understand their decision making process
 - Engage all segments
- Technology
 - Extinguish classes of issues
 - Identify attack and research trends
- Economics
 - Promote legitimate business opportunities
 - Increase the cost of illegal activities

Security Ecosystem: Actors & Technologies





Security Ecosystem



Finders / Security Researchers

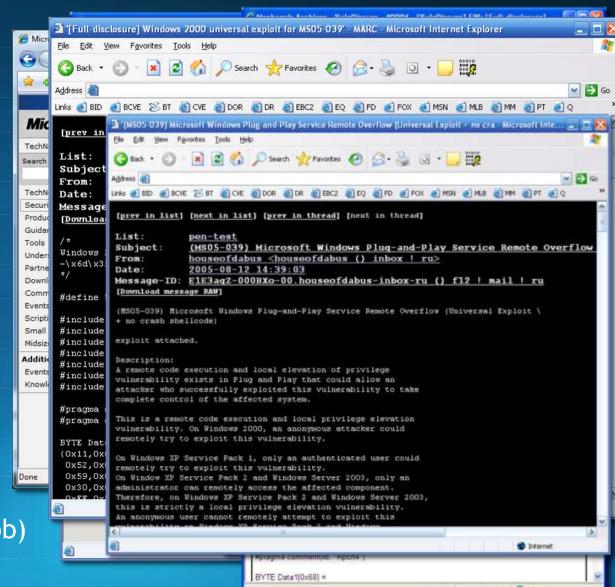
- Diverse community
- Working across
 - Technologies
 - Geographies
 - Time zones
- Big headache, good friend & good teacher
- Black Hat -> BlueHat

Security Ecosystem

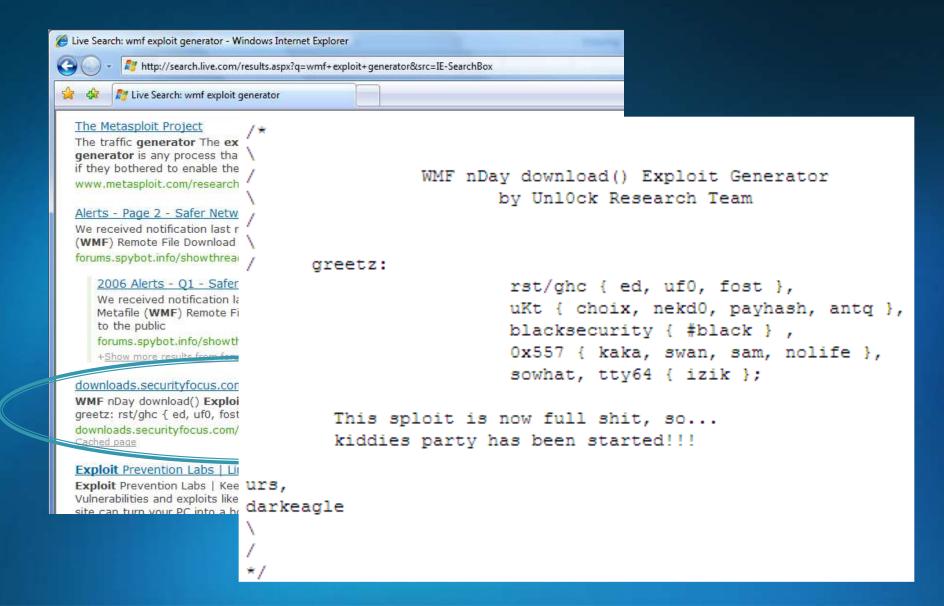


Tracing Our Advisory To An Exploit

- 1. Original Advisory
- 2. Newsgroup chatter
- 3. Private offers
- 4. 1st Exploit
- 5. 2nd exploit
- 6. 3rd exploit (which became Zotob)



Weaponization - WMF example



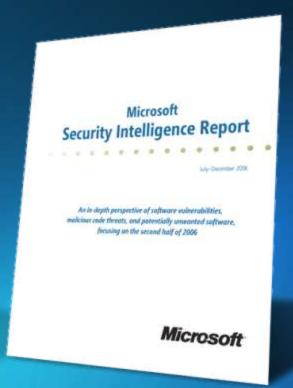
Security Ecosystem



Security Intelligence Reports







Security Ecosystem

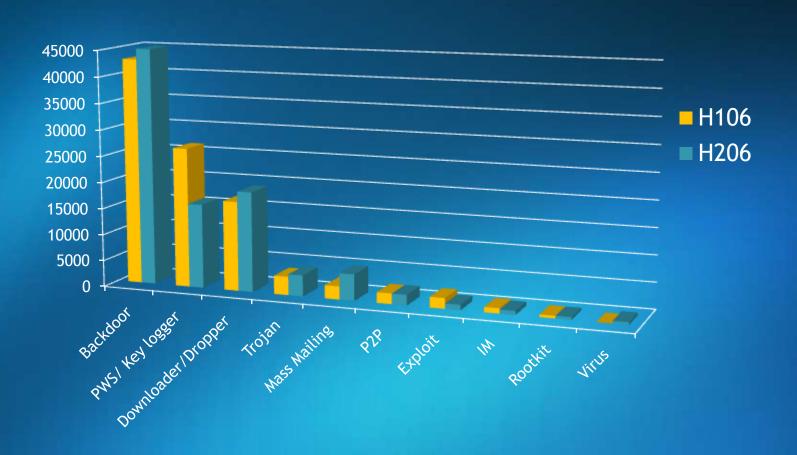


"It's all about making money"

"He says it's all about making money, and that he doesn't care if people remove the worm because it's the spyware stuff that he installs that's making him the money," Taylor said in a conversation with me.



New Malware Variants By Category



Case Studies

The Vandals

1998-2001

Defacements

Web Site Defacements

1998 - 1999 Several countries are reported involved in patriotic hacking: United States, Pakistan, China, Brazil

December 28, 1999 - a hacking group declares cyberwar against Iraq and China

January 7, 1999 - Several other hacking groups make successful plea for restraint

- March 31, 2001- U.S. and Chinese planes collide
- April / May 2001 Cyberwar breaks out again.



Series of unfortunate events

Name	First date seen in wild	
Melissa	Friday July 23, 1999	
Bubbleboy	Wednesday November 10, 1999	
Loveletter	Thursday May 4, 2000	
Transition to weaponized vulnerabilities		
Code Red I	Thursday July 12, 2001	
Code Red II	Saturday August 4, 2001	
Nimda	Tuesday September 18, 2001	

The Era of the Big Worms



June 18, 2001
,

MS01-33

Exploited July 13, 2001

Design Issues:

Kitchen sink approach - Everything on by default

Code Issues:

- Vuln was in a loop and a MB to Wchar conversion
- Code Red vuln was not discovered by Prefix

Code Red

Engineering / Response Actions:

- Updated Prefix Tool and Usage
 - New plug in development & more frequent runs
- SD3 Features "Off by Default"
 - Secure by Design, Default and Deployment
- URLScan & Security Roll-up Package
- STPP Strategic Technology Protection Program



Fixed	July 24, 2002	MS02-39
Exploited	January 2003	

Design Issues:

- Features still on by default
- Giblet

Code Issues:

Anonymous access to RPC endpoints

Slammer (SQL Resolution Service issue)

Engineering / Response Actions:

- "Giblet" tracking system
- SSIRP Process
- SQL Server 2000 sp3

Blaster

Fixed	July 16, 2003	MS03-26, MS03-03
Exploited	August 11, 2003	

Design Issues:

- Features still on by default
- COM model made for extensibility, not security Code Issues:
- Anonymous access to RPC endpoints

Blaster (RPC/DCOM Buffer overrun)

Engineering / Response Actions:

- XPSP2
- Authenticated RPC in XPsp2
- AutoUpdate WU and monthly updates
- Firewall turned on and rules

Image Parsers - WMF, ANI...

Design Issues:

- Lots of formats
- Lots of complexity

Code Issues:

- Legacy support and App Compat
- Cut 'n Paste reuse

Bulletin Number	File Type
00-090	ASX
01-042	NSC
02-072	MP3
03-030	MIDI
04-007	ASN.1

Bulletin Number	File Type
04-022	JOB
04-023	CHM
04-025	GIF
04-028	JPG
04-034	ZIP

Bulletin Number	File Type
05-002	ANI
05-002	BMP
05-002	CUR
05-002	IOC
05-009	PNG

File Type
DOC
ICC
GIF
EMF
WMF

Bulletin Number	File Type
06-001	WMF
06-002	EOT
06-003	TNEF
06-005	BMP
06-012	XLS

Case Study - Parser Bugs... WMF, ANI

Engineering / Response Actions:

- Creation of a Tools team in SEC
- Fuzzing now a requirement for MSRC and SDL
- Partner w/ product teams
 - SEC provides an extensible Fuzzing framework
 - Teams provide protocol / file format expertise

Case Study: /gs, NX & ASLR

Design Issues:

- Asymmetry btw Attacker and Defender
- Ability to Execute Data as Code
- Homogeneous Windows Environment

Code Issues:

- Impossible to find and fix all BO's
- Engineering / Response Actions:
- Rev'ed / gs multiple times
- Addition of ASLR in Windows Vista
- Windows Vista heap corruption mitigations

The Rise of the Botnets



Transitional Event: C&C

Download.ject





16 x Data
Collection Servers

39

Fixed	July 2, 2004	MS05-039
	June 2004	



16 x Command and Control Servers

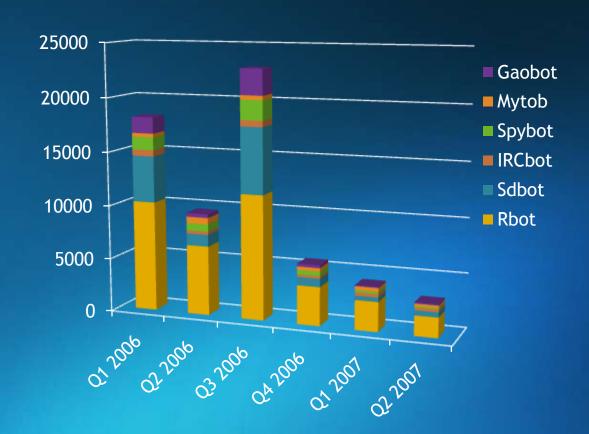
Anatomy Of A Botnet



New Bot Variants

Variants since Jan 2006

Family	Variants
Rbot	36,518
Sdbot	13,164
IRCbot	2,214
Spybot	4,470
Mytob	2,241
Gaobot	4,711



The Era of Purpose

2005-present

Targeted Attacks

Security Market Forces

- New cases w/ Organized elements
 - Command and Control
 - Distraction tactics
 - Hiding in plain sight
 - Careful target selection



Escalation and Focus

- What if the organization had
 - Significant resources
 - Institutional Support
 - Time horizon
 - Focus on specifics...right down to the individual
- The intensity of the threat increases
- Our products will face increased scrutiny
- Securing our customers becomes more complex

Call To Action



Community-based defense



Rapid response communications



Investment in defensive security knowledge



Denying opportunities to malicious software



Support of worldwide law enforcement and legislatures

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Your potential. Our passion.™

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